

Notes:

Distribution Property

The process of distributing the number on the outside of the parentheses to each term on the inside.

$$a(b + c) = ab + ac \quad \text{and} \quad (b + c) a = ba + ca$$

$$a(b - c) = ab - ac \quad \text{and} \quad (b - c) a = ba - ca$$

Example #1

$$5(x + 7)$$

$$5 \cdot x + 5 \cdot 7$$

$$5x + 35$$

Commutative Property

Commutative means that the **order** does not make any difference.

$$a + b = b + a \quad a \cdot b = b \cdot a$$

Examples

$$4 + 5 = 5 + 4$$

$$2 \cdot 3 = 3 \cdot 2$$

The commutative property does not work for subtraction or division.

Associative Property

Associative means that the **grouping** does not make any difference.

$$(a + b) + c = a + (b + c) \quad (ab) c = a (bc)$$

Examples

$$(1 + 2) + 3 = 1 + (2 + 3)$$

$$(2 \cdot 3) \cdot 4 = 2 \cdot (3 \cdot 4)$$

The associative property does not work for subtraction or division.